# BIANDI CANDRA MEDILI COLLEGE, RAMDIA

P.O-RAMDIA, DIST-KAMRUP (ASSAM), PIN-781102

EMAIL ID: collegebcm@gmail.com WEBSITE: www.bcmcollege.in Phone No: 8638108705/9957017062



## FIRST CYCLE NAAC ACCREDITATION, 2022

### **CRITERION-2**

### TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION

2.6 Students Performance and Learning Outcomes

2.6.1 Programme Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmes offered by the institution

### SUBMITTED TO



THE NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION

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Programme Outcomes and Course Outcomes

Department Economics

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### FIRST SEMESTER CORE

### ECO-RC-1016: Principles of Microeconomics-I

### Course Description

This course intends to expose the student to the basic principles in Microeconomic Theory and illustrate with applications.

### Course Outline

#### 1. Introduction

Problem of scarcity and choice: scarcity, choice and opportunity cost; production possibility frontier; economic systems.

Demand and supply: law of demand, determinants of demand, shifts of demand versus movements along a demand curve, market demand, law of supply, determinants of supply, shifts of supply versus movements along a supply curve, market supply, market equilibrium. Applications of demand and supply: price rationing, price floors, consumer surplus, producersurplus.

Elasticity: price elasticity of demand, calculating elasticity, determinants of price elasticity, otherelasticities.

### 2. Consumer Theory

Budget constraint, concept of utility, diminishing marginal utility, Diamond-water paradox, income and substitution effects; consumer choice: indifference curves, derivation of demand curve from indifference curve and budget constraint.

#### 3. Production and Costs

Production: behavior of profit maximizing firms, production process, production functions, law of variable proportions, choice of technology, isoquant and isocost lines, cost minimizing equilibrium condition.

Costs: costs in the short run, costs in the long run, revenue and profit maximizations, minimizing losses, short run industry supply curve, economies and diseconomies of scale, long runadjustments.

### 4. PerfectCompetition

Assumptions: theory of a firm under perfect competition, demand and revenue; equilibrium of the firm in the short run and long run; long run industry supply curve: increasing, decreasing and constant costindustries.

Welfare: allocative efficiency under perfect competition.

### Readings:

Case, Karl E. & Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, Pearson Education, Inc., 8th



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### Readings

 Karl E. Case and Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, Pearson Education Inc., 8th Edition, 2007.

 N.GregoryMankiw, Economics: Principles and Applications, Indiaedition by South Western, a part of Cengage Learning, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, 4th edition, 2007.

3. Joseph E. Stiglitz and Carl E. Walsh, Economics, W.W. Norton & Company, Inc., New York, International Student Edition, 4th Edition, 2007.

### ECO-HC-1026: MATHEMATICAL METHODS IN ECONOMICS-I

### Course Description

This is the first of a compulsory two-course sequence. The objective of this sequence is to transmit the body of basic mathematics that enables the study of economic theory at the undergraduate level, specifically the courses on microeconomic theory, macroeconomic theory, statistics and econometrics set out in this syllabus. In this course, particular economic models are not the ends, but the means for illustrating the method of applying mathematical techniques to economic theory in general. The level of sophistication at which the material is to be taught is indicated by the contents of the prescribed textbook.

#### Course Outline

#### 1. Preliminaries

Sets and set operations, relations and functions, number system

#### 2. Functions of one real variable

Elementary types of functions: quadratic, polynomial, power, exponential, logarithmic, convex, quasi-convex and concave functions, limit and continuity of functions

#### 3. Differential calculus

Differentiation of a function, Basic rules of differentiation, partial and total differentiation, second and higher order derivatives for single variable, economic applications of differentiation

### 4. Single variable optimization

Local and global optima: geometric characterization, characterization using calculus: tests for maximization and minimization, applications: profit maximization, cost minimization, revenue maximization

### 5. Integration of functions

Estd.- 199

Meaning and significance of integration, basic rules of integration, significance of a constant after integrations; derivations of total functions (total cost, total revenue, consumption and

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saving functions) from marginal functions, consumer's surplus and producer's surplus, problems relating to investment and capital formation

### Readings:

- K. Sydsaeter and P. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia: Delhi, 2002
- Chiang A.C. and K. Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw Hill International Edition
- 3. Baruah S.N., Basic Mathematics and its Economic Applications, MacMillan

### SECOND SEMESTER CORE

### ECO-HC-2016: INTRODUCTORY MACROECONOMICS

### Course Description

This course aims to introduce the students to the basic concepts of Macroeconomics. Macroeconomics deals with the aggregate economy. This course discusses the preliminary concepts associated with the determination and measurement of aggregate macroeconomic variable like savings, investment, GDP, money, inflation, and the balance ofpayments:

#### Course Outline

X. Introduction to Macroeconomics and National IncomeAccounting

Basic issues studied in macroeconomics; measurement of gross domestic product; income, expenditure and the circular flow; real versus nominal GDP; price indices; national income accounting for an open economy; balance of payments: current and capital accounts.

2. Money

Functions of money; quantity theory of money; determination of money supply and demand; credit creation; tools of monetary policy.

3. Inflation

Inflation and its social costs; hyperinflation.

4. The Closed Economy in the ShortRun

Classical and Keynesian systems; simple Keynesian model of income determination; Is LM model: fiscal and monetary multipliers.

### Readings:

- Dornbusch, Fischer and Startz, Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill, 11th edition, 2010.
- N. Gregory Mankiw. Macroeconomics, Worth Publishers, 7th edition, 2010.
- OlivierBlanchard, Macroeconomics, Pearson Education, Inc., 5th edition, 2009.
- RichardT.Froyen, Macroeconomics, Pearson Education Asia, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2005.
- Andrew B. Abel and Ben S. Bernanke, Macroeconomics, Pearson Education, Inc., 7th edition.2011.

### ECO-HC-2026: MATHEMATICAL METHODS IN ECONOMICS - II

#### Course Description

This course is the second part of a compulsory two-course sequence. This part is to be taught in Semester II following the first part in Semester I. The objective of this sequence is to transmit the body of basic mathematics that enables the study of economic theory at the undergraduate level, specifically the courses on microeconomic theory, macroeconomic theory, statistics and econometrics set out in this Syllabus. In this course, particular economic models are not the ends, but the means for illustrating the method of applying mathematical techniques to economic theory in general. The level of sophistication at which the material is to be taught is indicated by the contents of the prescribediextbook.

#### Course Outline

#### 1. Linear algebra

Matrix: various types of matrices, vector and vector space-concept, matrix operations: addition, subtraction and multiplication; rank, norm and trace of a matrix, introduction to the concept of determinants and their properties, non-singularity of matrix, matrix inversion, solutions of simultaneous equations by using matrix inversion and Cramer's rule, simple market model and national income model

#### 2. Functions of several real variables

F.std.- 1997

Homogeneous and homothetic functions: concepts, Differentiable functions: concepts, Implicit Function Theorem and applications

#### 3. Multi-variable optimization

Unconstrained optimization: geometric characterization, characterization using calculus and applications: price discrimination and multi-plant firm; constrained optimization with equality constraints. Lagrange multiplier, applications: consumer's equilibrium and producer's equilibrium

4. Differential equation

Meaning, first order differential equation, application to market model

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5. Difference equation

First order difference equation, Cob-Web market model

Readings:

- 1. K. Sydsaeter and P. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational
- Asia; Delhi, 2002
  - 2. Chiang A.C. and K. Wainwright, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw Hill International Edition
  - 3. Baruah S.N., Basic Mathematics and its Economic Applications, MacMillan

### THIRD SEMESTER CORE

### ECO-HC-3016: INTERMEDIATE MICROECONOMICS - 1

#### Course Description

The course is designed to provide a sound training in microeconomic theory to formally analyze the behaviour of individual agents. Since students are already familiar with the quantitative techniques in the previous semesters, mathematical tools are used to facilitate understanding of the basic concepts. This course looks at the behaviour of the consumer and the producer and also covers the behaviour of a competitive firm.

#### Course Outline

1. ConsumerTheory

Preference; utility; bi dget constraint; choice; demand; Slutsky equation; buying and selling; choice under risk and inter-temporal choice; revealed preference.

2. Production, Costs and PerfectCompetition

Technology: isoquarits; production with one and more variable inputs; returns to scale; short run and long run costs; cost curves in the short run and long run; review of perfect competition.

### Readings:

- Hal R. Varian Intermediate Microeconomics, a Modern Approach, W.W. Norton and Company Affiliated East-West Press (India), 8th edition, 2010. The workbook by Varian and Bergstrom may be used forproblems.
- C. Snyder and W. Nicholson, Fundamentals of Microeconomics, Cengage Learning (India),2010.
- B. Douglas Bernheim and Michael D. Whinston, Microeconomics, Tata McGraw-Hill (India), 2009.

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### SECOND SEMESTER CORE

### ECO-RC-2016: Principles of Microeconomics-II

#### Course Description

This is a sequel to Fundamentals of Microeconomics covered in the first semester.

### Course Outline

### 1. MarketStructures

### Theory of a Monopoly Firm

Concept of imperfect competition; short run and long run price and output decisions of a monopoly firm; concept of a supply curve under monopoly; comparison of perfect competition and monopoly, social cost of monopoly, price discrimination; remedies for monopoly; Antitrust laws, natural monopoly.

### Imperfect Competition

Monopolistic competition: Assumptions, short run and long run price and output determinations under monopolistic competition,
Oligopoly: assumptions, overview of different oligopoly models, contestable markets.

### 2. Factorpricing

Demand for a factor input in a competitive factor market, supply of inputs to a firm, market supply of inputs, equilibrium in a competitive factor market. Factor markets with monopsony power.

### 3. Market Failure

Efficiency of perfect competition, Sources of market failure.

Externalities and market failure, public goods and market failure, markets with asymmetric information (Ideas only)

### Readings:

Case, Karl E. & Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, Pearson Education, Inc., 8th edition, 2007.

Pindyck, R.S. Rubinfield, B.L. and Mehta, P.L., Microeconomics, Pearson, 7th edition



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#### THIRD SEMESTER CORE

### ECO-RC-3016: Principles of Macroeconomics-I

### Course Description

This course introduces students to the basic concepts in Macroeconomics. Macroeconomics deals with the aggregate economy. In this course the students are introduced to the definition, measurement of the macroeconomic variables like GDP, consumption, savings, investment and balance of payments. The course also discusses various theories of determining GDP in the short run.

### Course Outline

1. Introduction

What is macroeconomics? Macroeconomic issues in an economy.

2. National Income Accounting

Concepts of Income, Domestic Income and National Income; GDP and NDP at Market ( Price and Factor Cost, measurement of national income and related aggregates; nominal and real income;

3. Determination of GDP

4. National Income Determination with Government Intervention and Foreign Trade \( \) \( \) Fiscal Policy: impact of changes in government expenditure and taxes; net exports function; net exports and equilibrium national income.

5. Money in a Modern Economy

Concept of money in a modern economy; monetary aggregates; demand for money; quantity theory of money; liquidity preference and rate of interest; money supply and credit creation; monetarypolicy.

### Readings:

- Case, Karl E. & Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, Pearson Education, Inc., 8th edition, 2007.
- Sikdar, Shoumyen, Principles of Macroeconomics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, India



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#### FOURTH SEMESTER CORE

ECO-RC-4016: Principles of Macroeconomics-II

### Course Description

This is a sequel to Principles of Macroeconomics-I. It analyses various theories of determination of National Income in greater detail. It also introduces students to concept of inflation, its relationship with unemployment and some basic concepts in an open economy.

### Course Outline

1. IS-LM Analysis

Derivations of the IS and LM functions; IS-LM and aggregate demand; shifts in the AD curve.

2. GDP and Price Level in Short Run and LongRun

Aggregate demand and aggregate supply; multiplier Analysis with AD curve and changes in price levels; aggregate supply in the SR and LR.

3. Inflation and Unemployment

Concept of inflation; determinants of inflation; relationship between inflation and unemployment: Phillips Curve in short run and long run.

A Balance of Payments and Exchange Rate

Balance of payments: current account and capital account market for foreign exchange; determination of exchange rate.

### Readings:

- Case, Karl E. & Ray C. Fair, Principles of Economics, Pearson Education, Inc., 8th edition, 2007.
- Sikdar, Shoumyen, Principles of Macroeconomics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, India



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### FIFTH SEMESTER DSE

ECO-RE-5016: Economic Development and Policy in India-I

#### Course Description

This course reviews major trends in aggregate economic indicators in India andplaces these against the backdrop of major policy debates in India in the post-Independenceperiod.

#### Course Outline

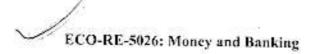
- 1. Issues in Growth, Development and Sustainability
- 2 Factors in Development: Capital formation (Physical and Human); technology; institutions.
- 3. Population and Economic Development Demographic trends; urbanisation.
- 4. Employment: Occupational structure in the organised and the unorganised sectors; open-, under- and disguised unemployment (rural and urban); employment schemes and their impact.
- 5. Indian Development Experience: Critical evaluation of growth, inequality, poverty and competitiveness, pre and post reforms era; savings and investment; mobilisation of internal and external finance; monetary and fiscal policies; centre-state financial relations.

#### Readings:

- 1. Michael P Todaro and Stephen Smith. Economic Development, Pearson, 11th edition (2011).
- 2. Uma Kapila, Indian Economy since Independence, Academic Foundation, 19th edition (2009).
- United Nations Development Programme, Human Development Report 2010, Palgrave Macmillan (2010).
- 4. Government of India, Economic Survey (latest)
- 5. Government of India, Finance Commission Report (latest)



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### Course Description

This course exposes students to the theory and functioning of the monetary and financial sectors of the economy. It highlights the organization, structure and role of financial markets and institutions. It also discusses interest rates, monetary management and instruments of monetary control. Financial and banking sector reforms and monetary policy with special reference to India are also overed.

### Course Outline

1. Money

Concept, functions, measurement; theories of money supply determination.

- 2. Financial Institutions, Markets, Instruments and FinancialInnovations
- a. Role of financial markets and institutions; problem of asymmetric information adverse selection and moral hazard; financialcrises.
- Money and capital markets: organization, structure and reforms in India; role of financial derivatives and otherinnovations.
- 3. InterestRates

Determination; sources of interest rate differentials; theories of term structure of interest rates; interest rates inIndia.

4. Banking System

a. Balance sheet and portfoliomanagement.

b. Indian banking system: Changing role and structure; banking sectorreforms.

5. Central Banking and MonetaryPolicy

Functions, balance sheet; goals, targets, indicators and instruments of monetary control; monetary management in an open economy; current monetary policy of India

### Readings

- F. S. Mishkin and S. G. Eakins, Financial Markets and Institutions, Pearson Education, 6th edition, 2009.
- F. J. Fabozzi, F. Modigliani, F. J. Jones, M. G. Ferri, Foundations of Financial Markets and Institutions, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2009.
- L. M. Bhole and J. Mahukud. Financial Institutions and Markets. Tata McGraw Hill. 5th edition, 2011.
- 4. M. Y. Khan, Indian Financial System. Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2011.
- Various latest issues of R.B.I. Bulletins, Annual Reports, Reports on Currency and Finance and Reports of the Working Group, IMF StaffPapers.

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#### ECO-RE-5036: Environmental Economics

#### Course Description

This course introduces students to concepts, methods and policy options in managing the environment using tools of economic analysis. This course should be accessible to anyone with an analytical mind and familiarity with basic concepts of economics. Environmental problems and issues from the Indian and international context (especially global warming) are used to illustrate the concepts and methods presented in the course. The course will be useful for students aiming towards careers in the government sector, policy analysis, business, journalism and international organisations.

### Course Outline

#### 1. Introduction

Key environmental issues and problems, economic way of thinking about these problems, basic concepts from economics; Pareto optimality and market failure in the presence of externalities; property rights and other approaches.

### 2. The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy

Overview, Pigouvian taxes and effluent fees, tradable permits, implementation of environmental policies in India and international experience; transboundary environmental problems; economics of climate change.

### 3. Environmental Valuation Methods and Applications

Valuation of non-market goods and services—theory and practice; measurement methods; cost-benefit analysis of environmental policies and regulations.

### 4. SustainableDevelopment

Concepts; measurement; perspectives from Indian experience

### Readings

- Roger Perman, Yue Ma, Michael Common, David Maddison and JamesMcGilvray, "Natural Resource and Environmental Economics", PearsonEducation/Addison Wesley, 4th edition, 2011.
- Charles Kolstad, "Intermediate Environmental Economics", Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2010.
- Robert N. Stavins (ed.), "Economics of the Environment: Selected Readings", W.W. Norton, 6th edition, 2012.
- Robert Solow, "An Almost Practical Step toward Sustainability," Resources forthe Future 40th anniversarylecture, 1992
- Kenneth Arrow et al., "Are We Consuming Too Much?" Journal of Economic Perspectives, 18(3): 147-172,2004.
- IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change), Fifth AssessmentReport (forthcoming2014).

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Programme Outcomes and Course Outcomes

Department English

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GE-1: ENG-RG-5016 Contemporary India: Women and Empowerment

SEC-3: ENG-SE-5014 Technical Writing

Semester 6

DSE-1B: ENG-RE-6016 Academic Writing GE -2: ENG-RG-6016Cultural Diversity

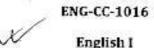
SEC- 4: ENG-SE-6014 Business Communication

#### DETAILED SYLLABUS

#### SEMESTER I

Compulsory Core: English I

DSC 1A: The Individual and Society



Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial) =6

Marks: 100 (80+20)

The aim of this course (English I and II) is to provide the student an opportunity to read and respond to representations of issues in contemporary life and culture in the English language. The selection of texts is aimed to present themes and topics that are stimulating, insightful and informative, Each paper will have a grammar section of 10 marks. Internal assessment in these two papers may be in the form of an objective-type test.

Prose:

60 Marks

Texts:

Arthur Miller: All my Sons

George Orwell (1903-1950): 'Shooting an Elephant'.

D.H. Lawrence: 'The Woman Who Rode Away'
Manoj Das (1934-): 'The Misty Hour'

Munin Barkotoki (1915-1995): 'Krishna Kanta Handiqui'

Rohinton Mistry (1952-): 'Running Water'

Michael Ondaatje (1943-): 'Angulimala'

Salman Rushdie: 'Good Advice is Rarer than Rubies'

Grammar:

20 Marks

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Make sentences using common phrases and idioms Common Errors: To be answered as directed Correct use of verbs, tenses, prepositions, etc. Comprehension

### Discipline Specific Core I - A

### **≰**ENG-RC-1016 Individual and Society

Fredita: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial) =6

Marks: 100 (80+20)

This paper examines a key aspect of literary composition – the figure of the individual in her interactions with the society in which she lives. Literary works represent these elements in different ways. The individual appears as character, narrator, writer, while the society features as milieu in which individuals function, and as that which creates the conditions for emergence of the literary text. Individuals live in harmony or in conflict with society. Texts in this paper, selected from the many literatures in English being produced today, will provide the opportunity to study all of these aspects. Individuals will also note the ways in which individual-society relationships and their representation change in different historical periods of literature. Each text in this paper will be studied against its social and cultural milieu.

#### Course Outcomes:

- Understand the relationship between the individual writer and the society about/in which she writes
- Develop skill in analyzing the author's representation of society and the individual in interaction and write critiques drawing out.
- Learn to distinguish between literary representation and actual character and milieu

#### Tonta

- Geoffrey Chaucer: The Prologue to the Canterbury Tales
- Pope: Epistle 3 (from An Essay on Man)
- Charles Dickens: Oliver Twist
- T.S. Eliot: 'Preludes'.
- Allen Ginsberg: Howl
- Vijay Tendulkar Kamala (Play, Translated from Marathi)
- Kamila Shamsie: Burnt Shadows
- E.L. Doctorow: Ragtime

#### **Reported Readings:**

Norton Anthology of English Literature (All volumes - for library )(10th edition,

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-Andrew Sanders: The Short Oxford History of English Literature (1994)

-Raymond Williams: Culture and Society (1958)

#### SEMESTER II

Compulsory Core: English II

DSC 1B: Modern Indian Literature

ENG-CC-2016

English II

Poetry:

60 Marks

Texts:

William Blake (1757-1827): 'The Lamb'

Samuel Taylor Coleridge: 'Christabel'

Matthew Arnold: 'Dover Beach'

Langston Hughes (1902-1967): 'Harlem'

Nissim Ezekiel (1924-2004): 'Shillong' Wole Soyinka (1934-): 'Telephone Conversation'

David Constantine (1944-) "The House"

Federico Garcia Lorca (1898-1936): 'The Sleepwalking Ballad'

Seamus Heancy (1939-): 'Punishment'

Imtiaz Dharkar: 'Purdah 1'

Grammar and Composition:

Voice Change, Use of Determiners Dialogue Writing, Descriptive Writing

Precis Writing/Report Writing

20 Marks

Discipline Specific Core I B

ENG-RC-2016 Modern Indian Literatures

Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial) =6

Marks:100 [80+20]

The Modern Indian Literatures comprise extensive writings in all genres in many languages. The different historical and cultural backgrounds of the various Indian languages and literatures add to the complexity of what is termed as Modern Indian Literatures. However, there are also things that hold India together, many commonalities, bondings, and shared experiences despite the varieties. The list of short stories and poems prescribed for this course give the student a taste of Indian writing from different regions of the country. The selection has been culled from English translations of writings in Indian languages and English compositions of Indian authors.

Short Stories:

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50 Marks

Fiction:

30 marks

Elizabeth Gaskell: Mary Barton

James Joyce: "The Dead"

E. M. Forster: "The Celestial Omnibus"

William Trevor: The Story of Lucy Gault

Section C Drama:

Oscar Wilde: The Importance of Being Earnest

J. B. Priestley: An Inspector Calls

20 marks

Skill Enhancement Course: I

ENG-SE-3014 CREATIVE WRITING

Marks: 100 (80+20) Credits: 4

The students in this course will focus on three creative genres, fiction, non-fiction and poetry. The emphasis will be to build proficiency in readings and writings. The course encourages active class participation and lots of writings. One of the basic objectives of the course is to allow students to explore ideas, feelings, experiences and effectively communicate these stimulus using the written word. Each lecture will be tied to reading of texts, techniques, narratology and rhetorical positions. The set of readings will be given during the course and may vary each semester, whenever the course is on offer.

The weightage of the programme will depend on:

10% -- class lectures;

20% -- journal writings on discussions of ideas, photograghs, paintings, memories and experiences;

30%--- class participation/assignments/workshops/writings

following prompts/writing with music

40%-- submission of fiction (20000 words)/non-fiction(20000 words)/poetry(15 poems of 150000 words) at the time of completion of the course.

Section A: Poetry

15 Marks

Discussion/ Class participation topics:

- What is good poetry?
- Writing poetry
- · Why poetry
- Reading poetry

The students will be introduced to

- History of paetry,
- Forms of poetry.
  - Rhetoric and prosody.

This paper on Indian Writing in English introduces students to the historical development of this body of writing- the challenges faced by early writers, the growing sense of accomplishment in the writing of different forms and the interpretation of individual and collective experience in colonial and postcolonial India. The paper is divided into three units, each dealing with a specific literary form. Questions will be mostly textual but with some reference to the contexts in which individual writers have produced their works.

### Course Objectives:

- Introduce students to the field of Indian Writing in English
- · Give a historical overview of the development of various literary forms
- Understand how each author creatively uses his or her chosen literary form

### Course Outcomes:

- Develop familiarity with the issues of politics of language and gender, nationalism and modernity pertaining to pre and post-Independence India that have been responsible for the emergence of Indian English literature
- Understand the place of English Writing in India in the larger field of English Literature
- Learn to discuss critically the use of literary forms of the novel, poetry and drama by Indian English writers in distinctive ways against Indian historical and cultural contexts

#### Toxts:

H.L.V. Derozio: 'Freedom to the Slave'; 'The Orphan Girl' Kamala Das: 'Introduction'; 'My Grandmother's House'

Nissim Ezekiel: 'Enterprise'; 'Night of the Scorpion', 'Very Indian Poem in

English'

Robin S. Ngangom: 'The Strange Affair of Robin S. Ngangom'; 'A Poem for Mother'

Mulk Raj Anand: 'Two Lady Rams'

R.K. Narayan: Swami and Friends Salman Rushdie: 'The Free Radio'

Anita Desai: In Custody

Shashi Despande: 'The Intrusion'

Manjula Padmanabhan: Lights Out

Mahesh Dattani: Tara

## Suggested Topics and Background Prose Readings for Class Presentations Topics

Indian English

Indian English Literature and its Readership

M Themes and Contexts of the Indian English Novel

The Aesthetics of Indian English Poetry and Drama

Modernism in Indian English Literature

adings

Raja Rao, Foreword to Kanthapura (New Delhi: OUP, 1989) pp. v-vi

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 Salman Rushdie, 'Commonwealth Literature does not exist', in Imaginary Homelands (London: Granta Books, 1991) pp. 61–70.

Meenakshi Mukherjee, 'Divided by a Common Language', in The Perishable

Empire (New Delhi: OUP, 2000) pp.187-203.

 Bruce King, 'Introduction', in Modern Indian Poetry in English (New Delhi: OUP, 2nd edn, 2005) pp. 1–10.

Paper 4: ENG-HC-2026 British Poetry and Drama: 14th to 17th Centuries

Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial)

Marks: 80 (End-Semester Examination) + 20 (Internal Assessment)

This paper aims to familiarize the students with the two major forms in British literature from the 14th to the 17th centuries – poetry and drama, apart from acquainting them with the contexts that generated such literatures. The larger contexts of the Renaissance, the nature of the Elizabethan Age and its predilections for certain kinds of literary activities, and the implications of the emergence of new trends will be focused in this paper. It will also highlight the seminal issues and preoccupations of the writers and their ages as reflected in these texts.

### Texts:

Geoffrey Chaucer: The Wife of Bath's Prologue

Edmund Spenser: Selections from Amoretti: Sonnet LXVII 'Like as a huntsman...';

Sonnet LVII 'Sweet warrior...'; Sonnet LXXV 'One day I wrote her name...'

John Donne: 'The Sunne Rising'; 'Batter My Heart'; 'Valediction: Forbidding

Mourning'

Christopher Marlowe: Doctor Faustus

William Shakespeare: Macbeth

William Shakespeare: Twelfth Night

Suggested Topics and Background Prose Readings for Class Presentations and Assignments

### Topics

Renaissance Humanism

The Stage, Court and City

Religious and Political Thought

Ideas of Love and Marriage
The Writer in Society

### **Background Prose Readings**

Pico Della Mirandola, excerpts from the Oration on the Dignity of Man, in The Portable Renaissance Reader, ed. James Bruce Ross and Mary Martin McLaughlin (New York: Penguin Books, 1953) pp. 476-9.



- John Calvin, 'Predestination and Free Will', in The Portable Renaissance Reader, ed. James Bruce Ross and Mary Martin McLaughlin (New York: Penguin Books, 1953) pp. 704-11.
- Baldassare Castiglione, 'Longing for Beauty' and 'Invocation of Love', in Book 4 of The Courtier, 'Love and Beauty', tr. George Bull (Harmondsworth: Penguin, rpt.1983) pp. 324–8, 330–5.
- Philip Sidney, An Apology for Poetry, ed. Forrest G. Robinson (Indianapolis: Bobbs-Merrill, 1970) pp. 13–18.

### Semester III

Paper 8: ENG-HC-3016 History of English Literature and Forms

Credits: 5 (Theory) +1 (Tutorial)

Marks: 80 (End-Semester Examination) + 20 (Internal Assessment)

This paper introduces students to the History of English Literature and the major literary forms. It adopts a chronological approach to the study of poetry, drama, fiction and non-fictional prose, showing the development of each form as it moves through the various periods of English literature and its expansion into global English writing. While authors have been named in some instances as representative of forms and periods, in other cases, especially in the 20th and 21st centuries, the expansion of the field has meant that individual authors are too numerous to name. Hence certain directions and Breas of study have been indicated.

Questions in this paper should be linked to the manner in which the different Units have been structured with focus on forms and periods and the authors named used as examples. The sections on 20th and 21st century developments are too complex and widespread to have individual authors named – this may be read and evaluated in terms of a general picture and authors of choice.

Objectives: To prepare the ground for the detailed study of the literature featured in subsequent papers and give a strong historical sense of literary development.

Outcomes:

- Acquire a sense of the historical development of each literary form.
- Gain understanding of the contexts in which literary forms and individual texts emerge.
- Learn to analyze texts as representative of broad generic explorations.

#### Unit 1: Poetry from Chaucer to the Present:

Chaucer and narrative poetry

Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton (sonnet, sonnet sequences and the epic poem)

John Donne and metaphysical poetry

Dryden, Pope and the heroic couplet Romantic Poetry (lyric, sonnet, ode, pastoral, blank verse)

Tennyson, Browning, Hopkins (from Victorian to Modern)

Modern and postmodern Poetry and its international associations

Modern and postmodern Poetry and its international associations

Walcott Pamanujan and Postcologial poetry

Walcott, Ramanujan and Postcolonial poetry

2: Drama from Everyman to the Present

Dinah Birch (Editor): The Oxford Companion to English Literature (7th edition, 2009)

The Norton Anthology of English Literature (All volumes - for library )(10th edition, 2018)

Paper 5: ENG-HC-3026 American Literature

Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial)

Marks: 80 (End-Semester Examination) + 20 (Internal Assessment)

This paper seeks to acquaint the students with the main currents of American literature In its social and cultural contexts. The texts incorporated in the paper are a historical reflection of the growth of American society and of the way the literary imagination has grappled with such growth and change. A study of the paper, hence, should lead to an acquaintance with the American society in its evolutionary stages from the beginnings of modernism to the present as well as with exciting generic innovations and developments that have tried to keep pace with social changes.

### Texts:

Tennessee Williams: The Glass Menagerie

Mark Twain: The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

Edgar Allan Poe: 'The Purloined Letter' -

F. Scott Fitzgerald: 'The Crack-up' ---

Anne Bradstreet: "The Prologue" -

Emily Dickinson: 'A Bird Came Down the Walk'; 'Because I Could not Stop for

Walt Whitman: Selections from Leaves of Grass: 'O Captain, My Captain'; 'Passage

to India' (lines 1-68)

Langston Hughes: 'I too' Robert Frost: 'Mending Wall'

Sherman Alexie: 'Crow Testament'; 'Evolution' ~

Suggested Topics and Background Prose Readings for Class Presentations Taples

The American Dream

Social Realism, Folklore and the American Novel

American Drama as a Literary Form

The Slave Narrative

Questions of Form in American Poetry

### **Loudings**

Hector St John Crevecouer, 'What is an American', (Letter III) in Letters from an American Farmer (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982) pp. 66-105. Frederick Douglass, A Narrative of the life of Frederick Douglass (Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1982) chaps, 1-7, pp. 47-87.

dia : Kamrup

 Henry David Thoreau, 'Battle of the Ants' excerpt from 'Brute Neighbours', in Walden (Oxford: OUP, 1997) chap. 12.

 Ralph Waldo Emerson, 'Self Reliance', in The Selected Writings of Ralph Waldo Emerson, ed. with a biographical introduction by Brooks Atkinson (New York: The Modern Library, 1964).

Toni Morrison, 'Romancing the Shadow', in Playing in the Dark: Whiteness and

Literary Imagination (London: Picador, 1993) pp. 29-39.

Paper 7: ENG-HC-3036 British Poetry and Drama: 17th and 18th Centuries

Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial)

Marks: 80 (End-Semester Examination) + 20 (Internal Assessment)

This paper aims to familiarize the students with British literature in the 17th and 18th centuries, a time-period which sees the emergence and establishment of greatly diverse kinds of writings. The selected texts may encourage the students to look at the economic, political and social changes in (primarily) Britain during this period, such as the shifts from the Puritan Age to the Restoration and Neoclassical periods. The paper sino seeks to familiarize the students with the larger contexts that generated such literatures as well as the possible impacts of the literature on society. The significance of the scientific revolution during this period may also be studied in relation to the literary productions.

Texts: /

狐

John Milton: Paradise Lost: Book I -John Webster: The Duchess of Malfi

Aphra Behn: The Rover John Dryden: Mac Flecknoe -

Alexander Pope: The Rape of the Lock

Ruggested Topics and Background Prose Readings for Class Presentations
Topics

Religious and Secular thought in the 17th Century

The Stage, the State and the Market

The Mock-epic and Satire Women in the 17th Century

The Comedy of Manners

pudings



Binandi Chandia, Kamrupilege

The Holy Bible, Genesis, chaps. 1–4, The Gospel according to St. Luke, chaps. 1–7 and
 22–4.

Niccolo Machiavelli, The Prince, ed. and tr. Robert M. Adams (New York: Norton,

1992) chaps. 15, 16, 18, and 25.
Thomas Hobbes, selections from The Leviathan, pt. I (New York: Norton, 2006) chaps. 8, 11, and 13.

 John Dryden, 'A Discourse Concerning the Origin and Progress of Satire', in The Norton Anthology of English Literature, vol. 1, 9th edn, ed. Stephen Greenblatt (NewYork: Norton 2012) pp. 1767–8.

### Semester IV

Paper B: ENG-HC-4016 British Literature: The 18th Century

Credits: 5 (Theory) + 1 (Tutorial)

Marks: 80 (End-Semester Examination) + 20 (Internal Assessment)

This paper aims to familiarize the students with British literature in the 18th century. A very interesting age in which reason and rationality dominated, this age saw the publication of some of the best novels and works of non-fictional prose and poetry in the English language. Though it was not predominantly an age of drama yet one cannot hot pay attention to the few plays of the century. Although the texts in the course are mostly by men it must be noted that quite a number of women writers were also part of the literary scene. The texts in the course are representative of the age and to some extent representative of the forms as well. The selected texts hope to give the students an overview of the age and the writings that the age produced.

#### Texts:

Jonathan Swift: Gulliver's Travels (Books III and IV)

Samuel Johnson: 'London'

Thomas Gray: 'Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard'

Daniel Defoe: Moll Flanders

Joseph Addison: "Pleasures of the Imagination", The Spectator, 411

Oliver Goldsmith: She Stoops to Conquer

Ruggested Topics and Background Prose Readings for Class Presentations

The Enlightenment and Neoclassicism

Restoration Comedy

The Country and the City

The Novel and the Periodical Press

andings

Binandi Chandia : Kamrup

## BINANDI CHANDRA MEDHI COLLEGE, RAMDIA

### P.O-RAMDIA, DIST-KAMRUP (ASSAM), PIN-781102

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### FIRST CYCLE NAAC ACCREDITATION, 2022

### **CRITERION-2**

### TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION

2.6Students Performance and Learning Outcomes

2.6.1 Programme Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmes offered by the institution

Programme Outcomes and Course Outcomes

Department Education

SUBMITTED TO



THE NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION

EDU-HC-2016

Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education

Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20)

Credit-6

### Objectives:

After completion of this unit, students will able to-

- Know the concept of philosophy and its relationship with education
- Understand the educational implications of different Indian schools of philosophy.
- Understand the educational implications of different Western schools of phylosophy
- Know the concept of sociology and its relationship with education.
- Develop inderstanding about the concept of educational sociology, social groups is socialisation.

* Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  * Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  * Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  * Idealism: Meaning, Principles, Implication in education  * Naturalism: Meaning, Principles, Implication in education  * Progression Meaning, Principles, Implication in education  * Sociology and Education  * Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology, Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology		Unit	Contents			
Philosophy of Education: Meaning and Scape  Relationship between education and philosophy Impact of philosophy on education  Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education  Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication in education  Yoga and Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Authorism Meaning. Principles. Implication in education  Authorism Meaning. Principles. Implication in education  Progratism: Meaning. Principles. Implication in education  Concept and methods of Sociology. Educational Sociology  Social group: Meaning. Nature and Classification. Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Social-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning. Nature and Factors	1	1	Philosophy and Education			
Philosophy of Education: Meaning and Scape  Relationship between education and philosophy Impact of philosophy on education  Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education  Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication is education  Yoga and Philosophy: Four principles. Astangika Yoga, Implication is education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Auralism Meaning, Principles, Implication is education  Auralism Meaning Principles, Implication is education  Pragmatism Meaning Principles Implication is education  Progratism: Meaning Principles Implication is education  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  Social-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	0		Philosophy: Meaning, Nature and Scope			
Relationship between education and philosophy Impact of philosophy on education  Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education  Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication is education  Yoga and Philosophy: Different types: Astangika Yoga, Implication is education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Acadism: Meaning: Principles, Implication is education  Acadism: Meaning: Principles, Implication is education  Pragmatism: Meaning: Principles, Implication is education  Pragmatism: Meaning: Principles, Implication is concept of Sociology and Education  Concept and methods of Sociology: Educational Sociology  Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  Education	CA					
Impact of philosophy on education  Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education  Vedic Philosophy Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication is education  Yoga and Philosophy Different types. Astangika Yoga, Implication is education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  Various Vestern Schools of Philosophy and Education  dealism Meaning, Principles, Implication is education  Auralism Meaning Principles, Implication is education  Progratism: Meaning Principles, Implication is education  Progratism: Meaning Principles, Implication is concept.  Sociology and Education  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology, Meaning Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology is Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  Education						
Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education  Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication is education  Yoga and Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles. Implication in education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Jordon Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Progration Meaning Principles Implication is education  Progration Meaning Principles Implication is concept of Sociology  Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Social Change: Meaning Nature and Factors  Education  Social Change: Meaning Nature and Factors	- 1					
Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication is education  Yoga and Philosophy: Different types: Astangika Yoga, Implication is education  Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Acadism: Meaning, Principles, Implication is education  Acadism: Meaning Principles, Implication is education  Progratism: Meaning Principles, Implication is education  Progratism: Meaning, Principles, Implication is education  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology, Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	1	n. 2	Various Indian Schools of Philosophy and Education			
Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education  Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Idealism: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  A unalism Meaning Principles, Implication in education  Prognatism: Meaning Principles, Implication in advance  Prognatism: Meaning Principles, Implication in advance  Sociology and Education  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology  Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	4	ν.	<ul> <li>Vedic Philosophy: Different concepts of Vedic philosophy. Implication in</li> </ul>			
Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Idealism: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology  Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	1		<ul> <li>Yoga and Philosophy Different types. Astangika Yoga, Implication is education.</li> </ul>			
Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education  Idealism: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Progressin: Meaning Principles, Implication in each origin  Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology  Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	1		<ul> <li>Buddhist Philosophy: Four principles, Implication in education</li> </ul>			
** Idealism: Meaning Principles, Implication in education  ** Auralism Meaning Principles Implication in education  ** Progression: Meaning Principles, Implication in continuous  ** Sociology and Education  ** Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology Meaning  ** Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology  ** Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  ** Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process  **Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  ** Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  **Education of Education of Educati	400	3 Various Western Schools of Philosophy and Education				
Progression: Meaning Principles Implication of education  Progression: Meaning Principles Implication is considered.  Sociology and Education  Concept and methods of Sociology. Educational Sociology. Meaning Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology. Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process.  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors.	14		<ul> <li>Idealism: Meaning, Principles, Implication in education</li> </ul>			
Social group: Meaning Nature and Classification process     Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process     Social Change: Meaning Nature and Factors	0.00		<ul> <li>Sa unalismo Meaning Principles, Implication to est serior</li> </ul>			
Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology, Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology.  Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process.  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors.  Education			<ul> <li>Pragmatism: Meaning: Principles: Implication is concern.</li> </ul>			
Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups     Concept of socialization, Education as a socialisation process     Social cultural Context of Education     Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors	Ť	+	Sociology and Education			
Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary and Secondary Groups  Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Social cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning Nature and Factors	WW		<ul> <li>Concept and methods of Sociology, Educational Sociology, Manuel Nature, Scope and Importance, Relation between education and sociology.</li> </ul>			
Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process  Socio-cultural Context of Education  Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors			<ul> <li>Social group: Meaning, Nature and Classification, Importance of Primary</li> </ul>			
Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors  Education			<ul> <li>Concept of socialization. Education as a socialisation process</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Determine the section of P2* 1 P24</li> </ul>	- 1	15	Socio-cultural Context of Education			
<ul> <li>Determine the section of P2* 1 P24</li> </ul>	4	· ·	<ul> <li>Social Change: Meaning, Nature and Factors</li> </ul>			
Culture: Meaning, Nature, Cultural change and Cultural Lag		0.11	<ul> <li>Education on a law or form of PR 1 Letters</li> </ul>			
	1000	d Colleg	Culture: Meaning, Nature, Cultural change and Cultural Hag			

Jan Jic College

### EDU-HC-2026

DEVELOPMENT OF EDUCATION IN INDIA-I Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20) Credit-6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the Jearner will be able to:

- Recount the concept of Ancient Indian education system
- Describe the education system in Ancient India, particularly Vedic Education
- Examine the education system in Medieval India.
- Analyse the education system during British Period

### Course Content:

3177	Unit	Contents	
1 .0	1	Education in Ancient and Medieval India Education in Ancient India	T. 1997
AL D		The Vedic System of Education: Concept and Salient Feature     Education in the Arthophastra of Kautilian	es
1.1	ř.	Education during Buddhist Period	
W		General Features of Buddhist Education	
(Ma)	l s	Ancient Universities and Centres of Education T.	
1111		The state of the s	
317		Education in Medieval India	
1		The Islamic System of Education	
STRAIN I	- 20	* General Features of Mustim Education	
		Defects of Muslim Lauration	
2	-	Education in British India: The Beginning	* in - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c -
4	3	andigenous Education at the Regimeira of Co	28
10	- 1	additional Activities of Missionaries in Assess	
The very	1	The East India Company's Role	
A.		* The Change Act of 1817	
He .		<ul> <li>The Anglicists-Orientalists Committees</li> </ul>	
	TI Coll	* Mecaulay's Minute, 1835	
1 40	thi College	Downward Filtration Theory	
1 /5/	- 03/2	and industry	V O
lia!	1994	ZW.	11

### EDU-RC-2016

### Psychology of Adolescents

Total Marks: 100 (External - 80 and Internat - 20)

Credit-6 Objectives

- To enable the students to understand the period of adolescence
- To enable the students to understand the significance of the adolescence period in human life
- To enable the students to know about various problems associated with this stage
- To enable the students to understand the development aspects of adok scence, importance
  of adolescence period and problems associated with this stage

### Course contents

Units	Contents
•1	Introduction to adolescent psychology  • Meaning and definition of adolescence  • Need and importance of studying adolescent psychology  • Adolescence – age of transition
2	Is adolescence a period of storm and stress?  Physical and mental development  Characteristics of physical development  Characteristics of mental development
,3	Educational implications of physical and mental development     Social development     Characteristics of social development     Influence of pers in social development     Factors affecting social adjustment
4	Emotional and personality development  Characteristics of emotional development  Personality changes during adolescence  Adjustment problems of adolescence
5 Mr College	Meaning , Nature and types of delinquency     Causes of delinquency — biological, psychological and society in preventing delinquency     Prevention and control of drug addiction
O.	

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### EDU-HG-4016 HISTORY OF EDUCATION IN INDIA

Marks: 100 (External: 80 Internal: 20) CREDIT: 6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- Analyse the education system during British Period
- Understand the Educational situation during the time of Independence
- Explain the recommendations and educational importance of different Education
   Commission and Committees in post Independent India
- Analyse the National Policy on Education in different tomes
- · Accustom with the recent Educational Development in India.

### Course contents

Units	Content
P. Unit-1	Education in British India
	The Beginning
	- The Charter Act of 1813
He He Sh	- The Anglicists-Orientalists Controversy
Sec. 2327 -	- Macaulay's Minute, 1835
His .	- Downward Filtration Theory
	Wood Despatch of 1854
126	- Background of the Despatch
	- Recommendations
	- Implementation of the Despatch
	Indian Education Commission-1882
- E-	<ul> <li>Appointment of Indian Education Commission</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Background for appointing the Commission</li> </ul>
	- Major Recommendations
	- Criticism of the Commission
Unit-2	Raise of Nationalism and its impact on Education
	<ul> <li>Initiative of Gopalkrishna Gokhle, Gokhale's Bill for Compulsory</li> </ul>
5-	Primary Education- 1910-1912
	All India Educational Conference, Wardha, 1937
	<ul> <li>Gandhijis Basic Education –Concept, Philosophy and Salient Features,</li> </ul>
President and an arrange of the last of th	Criticism of the Basic Education
Unit-3	Development of Indian Education: Post Independence I
Vii	University Education Commission-1948
	Appointment of University Education Commission
	Aims of University Education
	Recommendations of the Commission
TC	Evaluation of the Recommendations
200	Secondary Education Commission-1952-53
202	Appointment of Secondary Education Commission
1992	Aims and Objectives of Secondary Education

· Defects of Secondary Education

Manisha Elgundes

### 4th SEMESTER (HONOURS)

EDU-HC-4016

### GREAT EDUCATIONAL THINKERS

Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20)

.Credit-6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- Enable the students to learn the Philosophy of life of different Educational Thinkers and their works.
- Enable the students to learn about the views of thinkers in educational context.
- Enable the students to learn about relevance of some of their thoughts at present day context.

### Course contents

Units	Topics
Unit-1	Educational Thoughts of Srimanta Sankardeva     Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life     Views of Sankardeva on Education and practices.     Educational system of Satras and Namgharas and their relevance in modern era
Unit-2	Educational Thoughts of Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore  Mahatma Gandhi Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life Views of Gandhiji on Educational Philosophy and practices Gandhiji's Nai Talim.  Rabindranath Tagore Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life Views of Tagore on Educational Philosophy and practices Tagore's Vishvabharati
Unit-3	Educationa! Thoughts of A.P.J. Abdul Kalam  - Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life  - Views of Kalam on Educational Philosophy and practices  - Kalam's Education Model for the 21st Century
Unit-4	<ul> <li>Jean Jacques Rousseau</li> <li>Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life</li> <li>Views of Rousseau on Educational Philosophy and practices</li> <li>Rousseau's Negative Education</li> <li>Fredric Wilhelm August Froebel</li> </ul>
ac.	- Brief Life Ske.ch and Philosophy of Life - Views of English as Education Living

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Views of Freebel on Educational Philosophy and practices

Froebel's Kindergarten.

Heart Sheamup

### EDU-HC-4026 EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS AND PRACTICAL

Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20) Credit-6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- Develop the basic concept of Statistics,
- Be acquainted with different statistical procedures used in Education.
- Develop the ability to represent educational data through graphs.
- Familiarize the students about the Normal Probability Curve and its applications in Education.

### Course contents

Units	Topics
Unit-1	Basics of Educational Statistics  Statistics- Meaning, Nature and Functions  Need of statistics in Education  Measures of central tendency and their uses  Mean, Median and Mode from ungrouped and grouped data  Measures of variability –Concept, Types and their uses, merits and demerits  Quartile Deviation, Average Deviation, Standard deviation-(grouped and ungrouped data-short method), Combined SD
Unit-2	Graphical presentations of data     Usefutness of Graphical presentations of data,     Basic principle of constructing a graph,     Different types of graph -histogram, frequency polygon,     Cumulative frequency percentage curve (Ogive), Smoothed graph.
Unit-3	Co-efficient of Correlation and Percentiles     Coefficient of correlation – Meaning and types,     Computation of, co-efficient of correlation by Rank difference method & Product-moment method and interpretation of result     Calculation of Percentile and Percentile Rank
Unit-4	Normal Probability Curve and Its Application  Normal Probability Curve: Its Meaning, Properties and Uses  Table of Area under NPC  Applications of Normal Probability Curve  Divergence from Normality: Skewness and Kurtosis

Copa Meditup

Dr. Bijuli Dona

### 4th SEMESTER (HONOURS)

EDU-HC-4016

### GREAT EDUCATIONAL THINKERS

K.D.

Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20)

Credit-6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- Enable the students to learn the Philosophy of life of different Educational Thinkers and their works.
- · Enable the students to learn about the views of thinkers in educational context.
- Enable the students to learn about relevance of some of their thoughts at present day context.

#### Course contents

Units	Topics
Unit-1	Educational Thoughts of Srimanta Sankardeva
	<ul> <li>Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Views of Sankardeva on Education and practices.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Educational system of Satras and Namgharas and their relevance in modern era</li> </ul>
Unit-2	Educational Thoughts of Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore
	Mahatma Gandhi
	<ul> <li>Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Views of Gandhiji on Educational Philosophy and practices</li> </ul>
	- Gandhiji's Nai Talim.
	Rabindranath Tagore
	Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life
	<ul> <li>Views of Tagore on Educational Philosophy and practices</li> </ul>
	- Tagore's Vishvabharati
Unit-3	Educational Thoughts of A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
	Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life
	<ul> <li>Views of Kalam on Educational Philosophy and practices</li> </ul>
	Kalam's Education Model for the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century
Unit-4	Educational Thoughts of Rousseau and Froebel
	Jean Jacques Rousseau
	<ul> <li>Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Views of Rousseau on Educational Philosophy and practices</li> </ul>
	- Rousseau's Negative Education
	Fredric Wilhelm August Froebel
100	- Brief Life Sketch and Philosophy of Life
Sec. W	The same of the same to the same of the sa

Views of Froebel on Educational Philosophy and practices

Froebel's Kindergarten.

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### EDU-HC-4026 EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS AND PRACTICAL

B.D.

Total Marks: 100 (External: 80 and Internal: 20) Credit-6

### Course Objectives:

After completion of this course the learner will be able to:

- · Develop the basic concept of Statistics,
- Be acquainted with different statistical procedures used in Education.
- · Develop the ability to represent educational data through graphs.
- Familiarize the students about the Normal Probability Curve and its applications in Education.

### Course contents

Units	Topics
Unit-1	Basics of Educational Statistics
	<ul> <li>Statistics- Meaning, Nature and Functions</li> </ul>
	Need of statistics in Education
	<ul> <li>Measures of central tendency and their uses</li> </ul>
	Mean, Median and Mode from ungrouped and grouped data
	<ul> <li>Measures of variability –Concept, Types and their uses, merits and demerits</li> </ul>
	Quartile Deviation, Average Deviation, Standard deviation-(grouped and
W. 14 A	ungrouped data-short method), Combined SD
Unit-2	Graphical presentations of data
	Usefulness of Graphical presentations of data,
	<ul> <li>Basic principle of constructing a graph,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Different types of graph –histogram, frequency polygon,</li> </ul>
Maria de la companya della companya	<ul> <li>Cumulative frequency percentage curve (Ogive), Smoothed graph.</li> </ul>
Unit-3	Co-efficient of Correlation and Percentiles
	<ul> <li>Coefficient of correlation – Meaning and types,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Computation of, co-efficient of correlation by Rank difference method</li> </ul>
	& Product-moment method and interpretation of result
	Calculation of Percentile and Percentile Rank
Unit-4	Normal Probability Curve and Its Application
	Normal Probability Curve: Its Meaning, Properties and Uses
	Table of Area under NPC
120°C (1	Applications of Normal Probability Curve
Me	Divergence from Normality: Skewness and Kurtosis

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### EDU-HC-4036 EMERGING ISSUES IN EDUCATION

H.H.

Total Marks: 100 (External=80 and Internal=20)] Credit-6

### Objectives:

After completion of this unit, students will able to-

- Make the students acquaint with major emerging issues national, state, and local
- Acquaint the students with the various issues in education that are emerging in the recent years in the higher education system
- Address the various problems and challenges of education in India at all levels.

### Course contents

Units	Contents
Unit-1	Social Inequality in Education and Constitutional Safeguards
	Concept of Social Inequality
	<ul> <li>Constitutional Provision for Ensuring Equality in Education</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Education of Socially Disadvantaged Section: SCs, STs and Minorities Education of people of Char area of Assam</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Education for Backward Children, Child Labour, Street Children and Slum Dwellers</li> </ul>
Maria .	Gender Disparity and Rural-Urban Disparity in Education
Unit-2	Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization of Education
MILTON CONTRACT	<ul> <li>Liberalization: Concept and its impact on education</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Privatization: Concept and its impact on education</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Globalization: Concept and its impact on education</li> </ul>
	Public-private Partnership
()	Education as investment
Unit-3	Issues related to Students
	Youth Unrest: Concept, Causes and Remedies
ACC.	Campus Disturbance: Concept, Causes and Remedies
	Examination Anxiety: Concept, Causes and Remedies
P1911	Issues related to Educated Unemployment.
Unit-4	Environmental Education and Population Education
	<ul> <li>Main Environmental Issues: Global Warming, Ozone Depletion and</li> </ul>
	Environmental Pollution
MAN -	Role of Environmental Education for Sustainable Development
_	Role of Different Stakeholders (Government and Non-Government)
Nose	Organisations, Women, Media) in Environmental Protection
18 20	Population Explosion: Its Causes and Consequences
. 6	Population Education for Population Control

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## BINANDI CHANDRA MEDHI COLLEGE, RAMDIA

### P.O-RAMDIA, DIST-KAMRUP (ASSAM), PIN-781102

WEBSITE: www.bcmcollege.in Phone No: 8638108705/9957017062



## FIRST CYCLE NAAC ACCREDITATION, 2022

### CRITERION-2

### TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION

2.6Students Performance and Learning Outcomes

2.6.1 Programme Outcomes (POs) and Course Outcomes (COs) for all Programmes offered by the institution

Programme Outcomes and Course Outcomes

Department Mathematics

**SUBMITTED TO** 



THE NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION

### 1. Introduction to CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS):

The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses comprising core, elective/minor or skill based courses. The courses can be evaluated following the grading system, which is considered to be better than the conventional marks system. Therefore, it is necessary to introduce uniform grading system in the entire higher education in India. This will benefit the students to move across institutions within India to begin with and across countries. The uniform grading system will also enable potential employers in assessing the performance of the candidates. In order to bring uniformity in evaluation system and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on student's performance in examinations, the UGC has formulated the guidelines to be followed.

### 2. Outline of Choice Based Credit System:

2.1 Core Course: A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.

2.2 Elective Course: Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/ subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.

2.2.1 Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course: Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University/Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature (to be offered by main discipline/subject of study).

2.2.2 Dissertation/Project: An elective course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project.

2.2.3 Generic Elective (GE) Course: An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective. P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.

3. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC)/Competency Improvement Courses/Skill Development Courses/Foundation Course: The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: AE Compulsory Course (AECC) and AE Elective Course (AECC). "AECC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement. They are

((i) Environmental Science (ii) English/MIL Communication) are mandatory for all disciplines. AEEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.

3.1 AE Compulsory Course (AECC): Environmental Science, English Communication/MIL Communication.

3.2 AE Elective Course (AEEC): These courses may be chosen from a pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or skill-based instruction.

Project work/Dissertation is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in solving / analyzing /exploring a real life situation / difficult problem. A Project/Dissertation work would be of 6 A Project/Dissertation work may be given in lieu of a discipline specific elective paper.

### 4. BACHELOR OF MATHEMATICS (Hons.) Programme Details:

### 4.1. Programme Objectives:

Students who choose BMATH(H) Programme, develop the ability to think critically, logically and analytically and hence use mathematical reasoning in everyday life.

Pursuing a degree in mathematics will introduce the students to a number of interesting and useful ideas in preparations for a number of mathematics careers in education, research, government sector, business sector and industry.

The program covers the full range of mathematics. The course lays a structured foundation of Calculus, Real and Complex analysis, Algebra, Differential equations and Mathematical modelling, Number theory, Graph theory, Mechanics and C-programming.

An exceptionally broad range of topics covering Pure and Applied Mathematics: Linear Algebra, Metric spaces, Statistics, Linear Programming and Applications, Mathematical Finance, and Bio-Mathematics cater to varied interests and ambitions. Also, to carry out the hand on sessions in Computer lab using various CAS software to have a deep conceptual understanding of the above tools to widen the horizon of students' self-experience:

- 4.2. Programme Learning Outcomes: The completion of the BMATH(H) Programme shall enable a student to:
  - i) Communicate mathematics effectively by oral, written, computational and graphic means.
  - Create mathematical ideas from basic axioms.
  - iii) Gauge the hypothesis, theories, techniques and proofs provisionally.
  - Utilize mathematics to solve theoretical and applied problems by critical understanding, analysis and synthesis.
  - Identify applications of mathematics in other disciplines and in the real world, leading to enhancement of career prospects in a plethora of fields.
  - vi) Appreciate the requirement of lifelong learning through continued education and research.
- 4.3. Programme Structure: The BMATH(H) programme is a three-year course divided into six-semesters. A student is required to complete 148 credits for the completion of course and the award of degree.

		Semester	Semester
Part - 1	First Year	Semester 1: 22	Semester II: 22
Part - II	Second Year	Semester III: 28	Semester IV: 28
Part - III	Third Year	Semester V: 24	Semester VI: 24

### 4.4. Programme Implementation Requirement:

The BMATH(H) programme is a three-year course divided into six-semesters. For proper implementation of the UGCBCS programme the following infrastructure are necessary:

(a) Sufficient lab facilities with computers and software

and Collis At least 7 faculties for Honours and 5 faculties without Honours.

pstruction for questions paper setter: Question Paper setter should set from the prescribed text

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